

# The Laurens Advertiser.

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NUMBER 48

## EDUCATION AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

### Leading Issues in Gubernatorial Campaign. Attempt Fails to Line Up Candidates on Bleese-Smith Issue.

Manning June 18.—The failure of an attempt today to line up a candidate on the fictitious Bleese-Smith issue made plainer the indication at the Sumter meeting that the campaign for state officers would be fought out on measures and not on men. The report of the candidate to the inquiry how he intended to vote for United States senator that he stood on his own feet was vigorously applauded by the audience.

Already compulsory school attendance is looming up as one of the big issues of the campaign. The aid of the state to make tenant farmers owners of the land they cultivate is being advocated by several candidates for governor. The enforcement of existing laws is being stressed.

The meeting today was quiet and all the candidates were given respectful attention:

S. Oliver O'Bryan, Democratic county chairman, presided over the meeting which was called to order at 10:30 o'clock, the candidates speaking from a platform on the court house square.

Candidates for attorney general, Thomas H. Peoples of Blackville and A. G. Brice of Chester, opened the meeting. Mr. Peoples said he might have won the office on factionalism two years ago, but he had laid "those things aside and knew no man." Mr. Brice said that during his terms in the house he had paid practically no attention to factionalism.

James A. Summersett of Columbia and A. W. Jones of Abbeville, running for comptroller general, spoke next.

W. W. Moore of Barnwell and M. C. Willis of York, the two candidates for adjutant general; James Cansler of Tizah, C. D. Fortner of Spartanburg, Frank W. Shealy of Lexington, John H. Wharton of Laurens, W. I. Witherspoon of York and George W. Fairry of St. Matthews, the six candidates for railroad commissioner, spoke in the order named. Rain drove the audience into the court room while Mr. Fortner was in the midst of his speech.

Candidates for lieutenant governor, William M. Hamer, of Dillon, J. A. Hunter of Bamberg, B. Frank Kelley of Bishopville and Andrew J. Bethea of Columbia, were heard next.

"How do you stand, Smith or Bleese," an auditor asked Mr. Hunter as he was leaving the rostrum.

**Stands for Hunter.**  
"I stand for J. A. Hunter for lieutenant governor," answered Mr. Hunter with spirit. The audience applauded and cheered.

The Manning audience showed little enthusiasm until the candidates for governor began to speak.

"I want to rededicate myself to the service of the boys and girls of the rural districts," said John G. Chinkscals of Spartanburg, candidate for governor, after telling of his work as an educator.

"I want to give them as good educational advantages as they can get in town. That is one reason why I am a candidate for governor."

Mr. Chinkscals declared that much of the education given to farmers' children was of a nature calculated to lead them away from the farms. He advocated courses in the rural schools which would train boys and girls in agricultural lines.

R. A. Cooper of Laurens, the second candidate for governor to speak, stressed the importance of the office of governor. He said the chief duty of the office was executive, to enforce the laws. Mr. Cooper laid emphasis on the necessity of building up the country schools and said if elected governor he would ask the legislature to make the country schools the equal of those in the cities and towns. State aid for agricultural classes so as to permit the white tenant farmer to own his own land was urged by Mr. Cooper.

Law enforcement was stressed again today by Mr. Cooper. He said the laws of the State had been set aside in Charleston, Columbia and other places and needed enforcement. The enforcement of law without fear and without favor, he said, was his standard, the same standard to be followed with respect to the rich as well as to the humble violator of the laws.

Conservation of the public health, increased educational facilities in every school district he advocated.

"The best solution of the race question is the education of the white boys and the white girls," he said.

The teaching of agriculture in all the public schools and the establishment by Clemson College of a demonstration school in every county so as to bring all the resources and advantages of that great institution to the door of all the farmers were advocated by Mr. Cooper.

John T. Duncan of Columbia, candidate for governor, told the people about what he calls the "system."

### The Cotton Mill Issue.

W. C. Irby, Jr., of Laurens was the fourth candidate for governor to speak. He told of his fight against the majority report of the rules committee in the last state convention. He denounced Northern control of cotton mills and banks and urged regulation of them to keep them from forcing down the price of cotton and the wages of the operatives. He flayed cotton mill mergers and went after Wall street speculators with gloves off.

Mr. Irby said he had been fighting the predatory interests as a member of the general assembly for the last 12 years. Mr. Irby strongly advocated state aid for men who wanted to buy farms on which to live.

Richard I. Manning of Sumter, candidate for governor, declared that the greatest responsibility devolving on the man elected the next chief executive would be the enforcement of law. He promised to enforce the law without discrimination as to persons or localities, and if necessary to use the military to carry out the statutes. "If elected governor my purpose shall be to see that the verdicts of juries shall stand and the judgments of courts sustained," declared Mr. Manning in discussing pardons.

Mr. Manning said that as governor he would urge on the legislature the liberal support of the higher institutions of learning, but would take special care that the primary schools were given better maintenance and longer terms. Mr. Manning advocated the teaching of agriculture in the common schools and told the audience that Clemson college was now preparing to give agricultural training in at least five rural schools in every county.

"I am in favor of submitting to each school district the question whether or not it will have compulsory education," said Mr. Manning in closing.

John G. Richards of Liberty Hill, candidate for governor, dwelt on his achievements in the legislature, especially his work for rural schools and state colleges. He predicted more agricultural extension work on the part of Clemson as soon as possible.

### Against Compulsory Law.

Mr. Richards said that while everything in the school districts was calm and serene now, they would be rent asunder on the question of compulsory education should it be put to the vote. He claimed that South Carolina's white population was making as rapid strides educationally as that of any other state. He said that a compulsory education law would put 100,000 negro children in schools who were not getting an education now.

"Because I have the manhood to say how I am going to vote in an election, they accuse me of being a coat-tail swinger," declared Mr. Richards.

"All these distinguished citizens in this race who are voting for Senator Smith, are they not coat-tail swingers, too?" he asked in conclusion.

Charles A. Smith, of Timmonsville, candidate for governor, thanked Clarendon county for the vote it gave him four years ago for lieutenant governor.

"I make economy of government a distinct plank in a platform of Jeffersonian simplicity," said Mr. Smith. "Legislatures are prone to forget the burdens of taxation when making appropriations."

An election on State-wide prohibition, the enforcement of law and a 2-cent passenger rate were advocated by Mr. Smith.

The lieutenant governor said he stood for universal education, but not for compulsory education. He was unable to finish his argument against compulsory education on account of lack of time.

Mendel L. Smith of Camden, candidate for governor, urged the citizens to vote for a man for chief executive

who would uphold the dignity and perform the duties of the office. He pledged himself to rigid economy in all branches of government. Inequalities of assessment of property for taxation in South Carolina was the fault of the system of taxation, said Mr. Smith. He advocated the establishment of a commission to equalize assessments.

### Wants No Negro Land Owners.

"I am opposed to negroes owning any land at all," said Mr. Smith, "for with the acquisition of land comes power."

"I do not believe that confidence in the great judicial department of the government should be destroyed by an indiscriminate use of the pardoning power," declared Mr. Smith, though asserting his intention to see that the law was executed in justice and in mercy.

Lowndes J. Browning of Union, candidate for governor, spoke last. He said that living in a rural section himself he knew the educational needs of the country districts. He urged the consolidation of rural schools where it could be done, citing the case of the school near his home at Sedalia in Union county. Mr. Browning told of his work as chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, making up appropriation bills and framing bond refunding measures.

Mr. Browning again briefly outlined his ideas about taxation, advocating the abolition of the personal property tax and the valuation of the unearned increment in assessing unimproved property for taxation.

The meeting closed at 3:07 o'clock.

### Can't Keep It Secret.

The splendid work of Chamberlain's Tablets is daily becoming more widely known. No such grand remedy for stomach and liver troubles has ever been known. For sale by all dealers.

### BARKSDALE NOTES.

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Barksdale, June 22.—The farmers of this community are trying to kill grass now since the rains, but the crops are looking very well.

Mr. J. Y. Henderson had a valuable horse to die last Sunday afternoon. It had been sick for some time.

Rev. J. A. Brock filled his regular appointment at Highland Home church last Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Armstrong of Dials, visited at Mr. W. H. Baldwin's last Sunday.

Messrs. Clifton and Gary Baldwin of Ora, visited at Mr. W. H. Baldwin's last Sunday.

Tylersville, June 22.—The farmers are quite busy with their crops, after having a very refreshing rain last week.

Miss Myrtle Willis, of St. George, visited Miss Fannie Poole last week.

Miss Lydia Peterson of Spartanburg, spent the week-end with relatives here.

Mrs. W. F. Wright is visiting relatives in Newberry.

Misses Amanda and Jennie Glenn spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Little and family.

Misses Lila and Nonnie Clark and brother, Floyd, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Poole and family.

Mr. William Peterson and Miss Lillie Peterson attended the orphanage commencement in Clinton last Wednesday night.

Miss Lila Clark and Mr. F. L. Cooper were in Laurens on business Monday.

### "TIZ" FIXES TIRED SORE, SWOLLEN FEET

Good-bye sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, sweaty feet, smelly feet, tired feet.

Good-bye corns, callouses, bunions and raw spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping pith pain or drawing up your face in agony.

"TIZ" is magical, acts right off. "TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. Use "TIZ" and forget your foot misery.

Get a 25 cent box of "TIZ" now at any druggist or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

## HARRIS LITHIA SPRINGS

Boarding House accommodations at reasonable prices.

Open June 15th.

Apply for rates to

**Harris Springs Water Company**  
Harris Springs, S. C.

**DR. J. H. MOORE,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

Diseases of Women  
and  
Children a Specialty

Enterprise Bank Building. Phone 22

**Augustus G. Hart**  
Attorney at Law

BANK OF LAURENS BLDG.  
In office recently occupied by John M. Cannon, deceased.  
Prompt attention given to all business  
Practice in all State Courts.

## ANNOUNCEMENT!

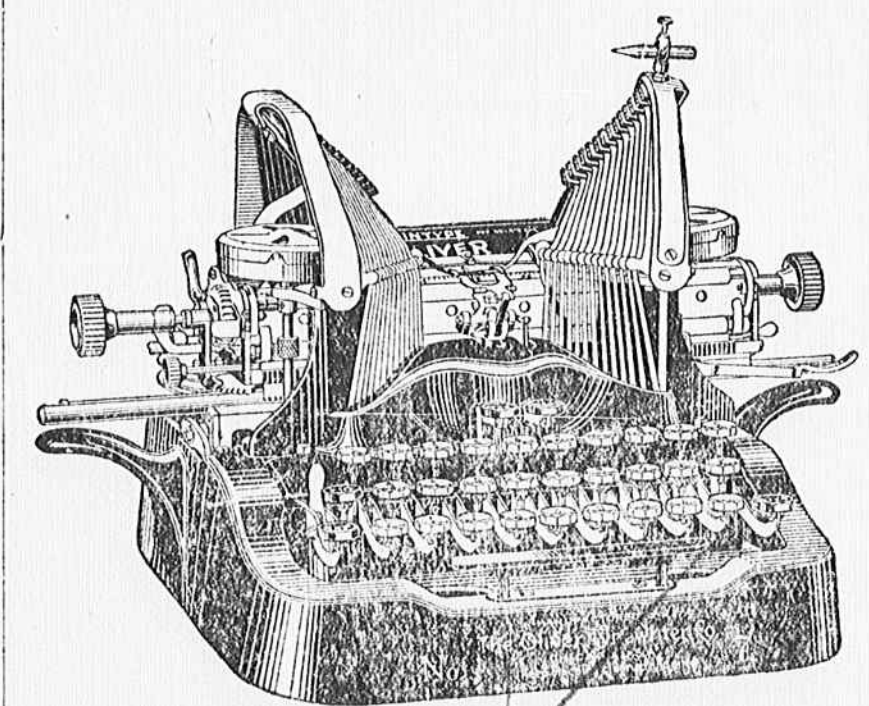
## The New Typewriter OLIVER No. 7

**WE ANNOUNCE AN AMAZING MODEL—The OLIVER No. 7—a typewriter of superexcellence, with automatic devices and refinements that mark the zenith of typewriter progress. A marvel of beauty, speed and easy action. Typewriting efficiency raised to the nth power.**

The OLIVER No. 7 embodies all previous Oliver innovations and new self-acting devices never before seen on any typewriter. A leap in advance which places The Oliver ten years ahead of its time. So smooth in action, so light to touch, so easy to run, that experts are amazed. A model that means to the typist delightful ease of operation.

A model that means a higher standard of typewriting, longer and better service.

The No. 7 is now on exhibit and sale at all Oliver Branches and Agencies throughout the United States.



The new model has more improvements, refinements and new uses than we can even enumerate here.

The "cushioned keyboard" with "anchor keys" and the new automatic features mean less work for the hands, less strain on the eyes, less manual and mental effort.

With all of these masterly mechanical improvements we have made the machine more beautiful and symmetrical. From every standpoint The OLIVER No. 7 attains superlative excellence.

Nothing you could wish for has been omitted. The new devices, refinements, improvements and conveniences found on the No. 7 represent an enormous outlay and vastly increases its value—the price has not been advanced one penny. We shall even continue in

forced our popular 17-Cents-a-Day purchase plan, the same as on previous Oliver models.

The OLIVER No. 7, equipped with the famous Printype, if desired, without extra charge.

You owe it to yourself to see the new machine before you buy any typewriter at any price. Note its beauty, speed and easy action, its wonderful automatic devices. Try it on any work that is ever done on typewriters. Try it on many kinds of work that no other typewriter will do.

It is a significant fact that the typewriter that introduced such epoch-making innovations as visible writing, visible reading, Printype, etc., should be the first to introduce automatic methods of operation.

**THE**  
**Oliver Typewriter Company**  
Oliver Typewriter Building CHICAGO

## NOTICE OF ELECTION.

State of South Carolina,  
County of Laurens.

Whereas, petitions signed by a legal number of the qualified electors and free-holders residing in Dials school district No. 7 Laurens county, South Carolina, asking for an election upon the question of voting an additional 2 mill tax upon the property in said school district to be used for school purposes, have been filed with the county board of education, an election is hereby ordered upon said question, said election to be held on the 16th day of July, 1914, at Dials school house in said district, under the management of the trustees of said school district.

Only such electors as return real or personal property for taxation and who exhibit their tax receipts and registration certificates as required in the general election shall be allowed to vote.

Those favoring the 2 mill additional tax shall vote a ballot containing the word "YES" written or printed thereon. Those against the 2 mill additional tax shall vote a ballot containing the word "NO" written or printed thereon. Polls shall open at the hour of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and shall remain open until the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon when they shall be closed, and the ballots counted.

The trustees shall report the result of the election to the county auditor and county superintendent of education within ten days thereafter.

JAMES H. SULLIVAN,  
By order of County Board.

## Sale of School Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as trustees of school district Youngs No. 4 of Laurens county, the State of South Carolina, are authorized and hereby offer for sale Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) of twenty-year coupon bonds of the said school district in denominations of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), bearing interest at six (6) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. Bonds will be dated July 1st, 1914. All bids must be sealed and filed with J. B. Cook, secretary of the Board of trustees, by or before 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, June 30th, at the residence of the said trustee, Fountain Inn, S. C., R. F. D. No. 2, in said county and State, at which time and place bids will be opened. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) to insure good faith and consideration. The said trustees hereby reserve the right to reject any and all bids for said bonds.

By order of Board of Trustees,  
D. A. Fowler,  
J. T. Edwards,  
J. B. Cook,  
June 16, 1914. Trustees.

## FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Take notice that on the 10th day of July, I will render a final account of my acts and doings as Administrator of the estate of J. Y. Matthews, deceased, in the office of the Judge of Probate of Laurens county, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and on the same day will apply for a final discharge from my trust as Administrator.

Any persons indebted to said estate are notified and required to make payment on that date; and all persons having claims against said estate will present them on or before said date duly proven, or be forever barred.

Benton H. Matthews,  
Administrator

June 6, 1914.—1 mo.

## NOTICE OF ELECTION.

State of South Carolina,  
County of Laurens.

Whereas, petitions signed by a legal number of the qualified electors and free-holders residing in Sullivan school district No. 17 Laurens county, South Carolina, asking for an election upon the question of voting an additional 1-2 mill tax upon the property in said school district formerly embraced in school district No. 6, in order to equalize taxation in said school district No. 17, to be used for school purposes, having been filed with the county board of education, an election is hereby ordered upon said question, said election to be held on the 7th day of July 1914, at Hickory Tavern in said district, under the management of the trustees of said school district.

Only such electors as return real or personal property for taxation and who exhibit their tax receipts and registration certificates as required in the general election shall be allowed to vote.

Those favoring the 1-2 mill additional tax upon the property in said school district formerly embraced in school district No. 6 shall vote a ballot containing the word "YES" written or printed thereon. Those against the 1-2 mill additional tax upon the property in said school district formerly embraced in school district No. 6 shall vote a ballot containing the word "NO" written or printed thereon. Polls shall open at the hour of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and shall remain open until the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon when they shall be closed, and the ballots counted.

The trustees shall report the result of the election to the county auditor and county superintendent of education within ten days thereafter.

JAMES H. SULLIVAN,  
By order of County Board.